THE MEMOTECH OWNERS CLUB MAGAZINE

NEWCTECHNOUES



PUBLISHED BY: MEMOTECH CAMERS QUB

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VOLUME 4 ISSUE NUMBER 2

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--- A Club Facility ---

A program listing facility for those with no printer. Just send in your program on tape (or 5.25" disc) with a pre-paid envelope addressed to yourselves and the club will do the listing for you.

--- Names and Telephone Numbers. ---

i. Paul Wood for 3.5" disc copying, general info and Comms

Tel 0905 24260

ii. Alan Dobson for help with the following adventures:
Alice, The ZOO and Man From Granny
Tel 061-980-6288

Phil & Hazel Eyres 13 Copse Road Townhill Park Southampton

Many thanks for all the good wishes you have sent Hazel and myself for our marriage. We would like to thank everyone and wish you all a Very Happy Christmas.

It has taken a lot of time and effort this month to 'get on top' of the backlog of mail, thankfully with the help of Alan Hamilton looking after the program library, all mail is now up to date and this magazine is out just about on time.

As you can see on pages 12 and 13 the program library is taking shape well, hopefully in the next month we will have a booklet out containing all the reviews from past magazines. Alan requests that members write to him if they would like to see the library on non-CP/M format, and also any other ideas on the library that they might have.

We have now got the System Variable sheets on disc, so all updates and snippets of info in this area will now be greatfully received. Lets hope we can get a really good document up together!!.

Now for the Christmas Competition:-

The best (fastest, most original, visually astetic) 12 hour to 24 hour clock conversion program. A 1988 Diary to the winner.

This idea was sent in by Liam Redmond.

I can read/write only disc's in 5.25" format and up to 500K, if anyone with 3.5" systems would like something from the club or has something to offer on 3.5" format please send to Paul Wood, his address is listed opposite.

Ready for the new year the club has purchased a limited quantity of 1988 Diaries. Because they have the club logo (in gold!) on the front cover they will obviously be the 'in thing' to have. The diaries are 'month page' and have several pages of useful figures at the front. At only £1.75 each(P&P 25p) they are an ideal Christmas present. Send off soon for them as they will be sent out on a first come first served basis.

I should now be in most evenings, except for the odd game of squash, so I think that it would be best to revert to having the club Hotline between 6 and 7 pm any evening, the same as it used to be many moons ago. Please where at all possible refrain from phoning after 9pm. I hope this is

ok for everyone. The number to phone now is (0703) 585106, ask for Phil.

If anyone would like back issues they are available for the small remittance of 80p each. At present there are 30 back issues, 10 for volume 1, 10 for volume 2, 10 for volume 3 and 1 for volume 4.

It should be noted that all articles are the copyright of the sender and M.O.C., anyone wishing to have articles published elsewhere should inform us first.

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Software

Software prices for the best and most popular software:-

Zarkos	£7.00	Chamberoids	£7.00
Qogo2	£7.00	26*26 SpreadSht	£8.50
Karate King	£7.00	Son Of Pete	£7.00
5.M.G	£7.00	T. Snooker	£8.005120nly
Dood lebugs	£6.00	Super Bike	£6.00
J.J.Flash	£6.00	Ed/Asm	£8.50
Cee-5	£7.00	MTX Asm Lang Cse	£10.00
Highway Encounter	£8.50		,

Some late news, Ron Gladwin of Uk Home Computers has reported to me that he has heard that some people are selling MTX500's boxed and badged as 512's. This is obviously a serious problem, so be careful to check properly when you buy.

INTEFACING PROJECTS

Why not make your new years resolution one which will lead you into the exciting world of micro electronics. Infact what better way to start than with an MOC D.I.Y. kit. Everything you need is supplied, except a soldering iron, wire cutters and of course a few hours of your time!!. So why not order now.

Interface price list

A full set of components and instructions for the LED kit -->£6.95

A full set of components and instructions for the Speech Synthasiser kit -->£18.00 Connecting cable for the internal port (needed for projects) -->£4.50

All prices are fully inclusive. Please allow 14 days for delivery and make cheques payable to MOC.

Well, I see we are going to have some fun with this programme.

We have three bugs, the first of which is that, on startup, the two craft are positioned one on top of the other. Thus the computer assumes that they have crashed!

This is caused by me not transferring the variable data from the BASIC programme into the machine code. This is simply overcome by including the following:

1540 POKE 16414,LX: POKE 16415,LY:POKE 16416,LZ 1550 POKE 16417,RX: POKE 16418,RY:POKE 16419,RZ 1560 POKE 16420,SPSN:POKE 16421,SPLN

P.S. Don't forget that, if line 20 assembles to £8010, to add 16384 to the 'POKE' value.

The second bug is a little more difficult to find; if you move one of the ships into a different 'speed zone', the ship (for example) increases in size, as it should. But then, it disappears from the screen altogether. And finally, it re-appears, but this time as a small ship, increasing in size. This is because in the machine code I did not include the BASIC lines 280 & 290 -

IF LZ<32 THEN LET LZ=32 ELSE IF LZ>250 THEN LET LZ=250

As we are using a single byte to store variables, the value of that byte will increase by one per programme cycle from 12B to 255; as 256=0 for a single byte register, the value will then increase by 1 from 0 to 255, then 256=0 ... ad infinitum.

To overcome this, we need to insert some extra steps in the ICOMPARE: section of line 20. Before we do this, the third bug is that the ship furthest away from us (the smaller of the two) appears in front of the larger when they overlap. This is a simple error of logic on my part, and is also in the ICOMPARE: section of the programme. So load the programme, enter assembler on line 20 (ASS.20)(ret) and list the programme from the label ICOMPARE.

What! You don't know how to list from a label? Haven't you been reading the manual? At the prompt, type L ZCOMPARE <RET>

and you get a screen of listing from that label.

From the listing, find the line JP C,ZCOMPARX which should be JP NC,ZCOMPARX To change this, type 'E £4190' (assuming that is where it is) + $\langle RET \rangle$, and insert the 'N' using insert mode. Enter the mod ($\langle RET \rangle$) & $\langle CLS \rangle \langle RET \rangle$.

This clears the bug of which sprite is in front of the other. The LZ and RZ limits is slightly more complex, so here is the new listing of ZCOMPARE to ZCOMPARX in full, the logic is that, on loading A with (in turn) LZ and RZ, we call a subroutine to check for a value of 32 or 250, resetting A if the value is outside these limits, and reloading A into LZ (or RZ) before continuing. The programme is:

```
4188 ZCOMPARE:LD A, (RZ)
            CALL ZLIMIT
            LD (RZ),A
            LD B,A
            LD A. (LZ)
            CALL ZLIMIT
            LD (LZ),A
           CP B
           JP NC,ZCOMPARX
           LD A.1
           LD (SPLN).A
           LD A,3
            LD (SPSN),A
            JP ENDLIMIT
    ZLIMIT: CP 32
            JP NC,LIMIT1
           LD A, 32
           RET
    ZLIMIT1:CP 250
           JP C, ZLIMIT2
   ZLIMIT2: RET .
   ZCOMPARX:LD A.1
```

So you should be able to work out for yourself if the mods need to be EDIT or INSERT changes - remember to edit a line type (eq)

E £418A
or to insert before that line, type
£418A
at the prompt.

To start this months changes, we are going to pass most of the variable set-up and control to line 20, also defining the remaining variables that need to be added to the variable list. To control the routine of initiating the variables, we will set up a variable, called FLAG. On startup, this will be set to 0. The loop of setting the variables will end with the command to set the flag to 1. The first command in the loop will be to check if the flag is set to 0, if so, initiate the loop.

In both the FIRE and CRASH routines, we need to calculate the ABS differences between two values. As we are using unsigned single byte variables, (i.e. using the byte range 0-255 to represent the value 0-255), a value of 43-87 = -56 in decimal, but 200 in binary. However when the value of register A passes through the transition from 255(FF) to 0(00) or visa versa, the carry flag is set. Thus we can use the JP NC command to skip operations if the flag is not set (i.e. the result is positive). The operations we would skip is to subtract the answer from 256. (256-200-56, the answer we need). But in our 8-bit byte, 256 is the same as 0, so we can subtract the answer from 0.

FIRE ROUTINE. If the gun power is less than 4, the qun cannot fire, so jump to next routine.

If the fire button is not pressed (i.e. LF $\langle \rangle$ 1) the gun should not fire, so jump to next routine.

As both requirements are satisfied, we need to draw the shots on the screen.

RST 10 {set m/c to give screen output}

DB 100 {access VS 4, don't CLS}

DB 164,27,65,3,1 {attribute 3,1}

DB 165,2,29,40,29,157 {line 29,40 etc}

DB 133,2,32,40,32,15/ {last RST 10 command - line 32,40 etc}

Then as gun has been fired, subtract 4 from gun power.

Check for proximity to other ship, using the DIFFX/Y/Z values calculated, and comparing them to preset values.

If all the proximity limits are within range, set RS to 40. (RS is subtracted from the ship power level later on).

Finally, undraw the shots from the screen. As Attr. 3,1 (overplot) is on, we simply need to redraw the shots, and reset ATTR 3,0.

RST 10 DB 165,2,29,40,29,157 {line command} DB 165,2,32,40,32,157 {line command} DB 132,27,65,3,0 {last RST 10 command - ATTR 3,0}

Finally repeat the above for the Right fire routine.

POWER ROUTINE. Left power=LP-LS+5 units, thus if the ship was hit during the FIRE routine, lose 40 units of power, but recover 5 units by solar conversion. If the ship is destroyed, LP<0. However (single unsigned byte again), we cannot sense -ve values. But the maximum power level is 150. Thus the max value of LP=150-0+5=155. Thus if the value of LP>155 then ship is destroyed. Use value of 175 to be on the safe side. Thus if A>175 set A=0.

POWLA. If power level still greater than 150, reset it to 150.

POWLB. Save new value of power to LP. Reset LS to 0 (even if it alreaady is 0, it may be 40).

If the power(41, but the power plus gun power)40, then add the two together, resetting gun power to 0. In this way, the ship could survive one more hit, giving one last chance to escape.

Repeat these for left power.

10 GOTO 900

L370. = BASIC line 370, i.e. if gun power less than 10, transfer 1 unit of energy to the gun from the ship.

The associated programme is shown as 2 sections, from label 'START' to label 'KEYS' and again from label 'ENDLIMIT' to label 'SCRNUP'. I have filled the intermediate registers with DS commands to achieve the correct register numbers. If your register values are different to mine, but the programme still functions, don't worry.

The basic lines listed are the only ones required up to line 420, so all others can be deleted.

10 0010 300						
20 CODE					==	
4010 START:	LD	A, (FLAG)	405C	RS:	DB 	
	CP	*		DIFFX:		
4019		NC, KEYS	405E	DIFFY:	DB	0
		•		DIFFZ:		
		•		TEMP:		
4010	LD				DB	
					DB	
		(RZ),A			DB	
		A,108			DB	0
		(LX),A			DB	0
		A,95			DB	0
402C	LD	(RY),A	4067	RR:	DB	0
402F	LD	(LY),A	4068	RU:	DB	0
4032	LD	A,3	4069	RD:	DB	0
	<u>L</u> D	(SPLN),A	406A	RF:	DB	0
4037	LD	A,0	406B	LX:	DB	0
4039					DB	0
403C	LD	(RG),A	4060	LZ:	DB	0
403F	LD	(LP),A	406E	RX:	DB	0
4042	LD	(RP),A	406F	RY:	DB	0
4045	L.D	(LS),A	4070	RZ:	DB	0
4048	LD	(RS),A	4071	SPSN:	DB	0
404B	LD	A,1	4077	SPI N:	DR	0
404D	LD	(SPSN),A	4073	KEYS:	LD	A.O
4050	LD	(FLAG),A	4075		DS	250
4053	JP		416F			165
4056 FLAG:	DB					D A;(LX)
4057 LG:	DB		4217			B, A
4058 LP:	DB	· A	4218			A, (RX)
4059 LS:	DB	Λ				B B
	DB	۸				NC,DIFX
		0	4210			
			421F			B, A
			4220			A,0
			4222		50	B B

4000 prev	2 %						
4223 D1FX: 4226	LD (DIFFX),A LD A,(LY)		RST 10				
4229	: n n :	4287	DB 101	4348	LD A,(RP)	Symbols:	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
422A	LD A, (RY)	4288	DB 164,27,65,3,1	434B			
422D	SUB B	4280	UB 165,2,29,40,29,15	;7 434C ·	LD B, A	LR	4062 LU 4063
422E	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7263	VD 133; 2; 32; 4V; 32; 15	/ 434U	LD A,5	LD	4064 LF 4065
4231	JP NC,DIFY LD B,A			434F	ADD A.R	₽!	ANKE DD ANET
4232	LD A, O	42CB	LD B, A	4350	CP 175	RU	4068 RD 4069
4234		42CC	LD A, (KG)	4352	JP C,POWRA	RF	406A KEYS 4073
4235 DIFY:		42UF 42BA	5U6 6	4300	LD A,O	LX	406B LY 406C
4238	LD A, (LZ)	4200 4203	LU (Kb/;A	433/ 495*	LD (RP),A	LZ	406D RX 406E
423B		42D6	LD 00 FA Wirmill()	400M 4050 DOMBA	JY L3/0	RY	406F RZ 4070
, 423C	LD A, (RZ)	4208	IP NC 1 COA	ADEC	i LF 13V	SPLN	4072 SPSN 4071
423F	SUR B	42DB	IN A. (NIFFY)	4040 4040	JF L;FUWKb	ENULIMII	4214 FLAG 4056
4240	JP NC,DIFZ	42DE	CP 10	4364 PNWPR:	LU MFIJV : IN /DD\ A	Lb in	4057 RG 405A
4243	LD B,A	42E0	JP NC.1680	4367	IN A.A	Lr ie	4058 RP 4058
. 4244	LD A,O	42E3	LD A. (DIFFY)	4369	1Β (PG).Δ	LO NTECY	4059 RS 405C 405D DIFFY405E
4246	LD A,O SUB B	42E6	CP 8	436C	ID A.(PP)	DIFF7	405F DIFX 4223
4247 DIFZ:	we versit/jn	4/ E 0	JP NC,L680	436F	CP 41	DIEA	4235 DIFZ 4247
	LD A, (LG)	42EB	LD B, A LD A, (RG) SUB B LD (RG), A LD A, (DIFFZ) CP 32 JP NC, L680 LD A, (DIFFX) CP 10 JP NC, L680 LD A, (DIFFY) CP 8 JP NC, L680 LD A, 40 LD A, 40 LD (L5), A	4371	JP NC.1370	IFIRF	424A RFIRE42A6
4240	CP 4		LD (LS),A	4374	LD B,A	L630	4294 POWER4302
424F 4252 :		42F0 L680:	RST 10	4375	LD A,(RG)	L680	42F0 L370 L386
4255		42F1	NR 165.9.90 46 90 455	4378	ADD A,B		
4257	CP 1 TO NY METRE	42F7	DB 165,2,32,40,32,157	4379	CP 41		431B POWER2 4344
425A	JP NZ,RFIRE RST 10	42h D	DB 132,27,65,3,0	437B	JP C,L370	POWLB	4322 POWRA 435D
4258	DB 100	4302 POWER:	LD A, (LS)	437E	LD (RP).A	POWRB	4364 START 4010
425C	DB 164,27,65,3,1	4303	LD B'A	4381	LD A,O		
4261	DB 165,2,29,40,29,157		LD A, (LP)	4383		30 RETURN	
4267	DB 133,2,32,40,32,157		PHE E	4386 L370:	LD A, (LG)	100 POKE	(16493),LZ
426D	IN A.4	AONA		4389	CP 10	110 POKE	(16496),RZ
426F	LD B,A LD A,(LG) SUB B LD (LG),A LD A,(DIFFZ)	430A 430B	LD B,A LD A,5	438B		120 GOSUB	20
4270	LD A. (LG)	430D	LD A,5 ADD A,B	438E 438F	INU A	200 LET LI	G=PEEK(16471)
4273	SUB B	430F	CP 175	4392	LD (LG),A	210 LET LI	P=PEEK(16472)
4274	LD (LG),A	4310	JP C,POWLA	4395			G=PEEK(16474)
4277	LD A, (DIFFZ)	4313	LD A, O		CP ()		P=PEEK(16475)
427A	CP 32	4315	LD (LP),A	439A	JP Z,L380 DEC A		
427C	JP NC,L630	4318	JP POWER2	4398			/=PEEK(16492) Z=PEEK(16493)
427F	LD A, (DIFFX)	4318 POWLA:		439E L380:			(=PEEK(16494)
4282	CP 10	4310	JP C, POWLB	43A1	CP 10		(=PEEK(16495)
4284	JP NC,L630	4320	LD A,150	43A3			[=PEEK(16496)
4287	LD A, (DIFFY)	4322 POWLB:	LD (LP),A	43A6			'SN=PEEK(16497)
428A	CP 8	4325	LD A:0	43A7			LN=PEEK(16498)
428C	JP NC,L630	4327	LD (LS),A	43AA			RNUP - SCREEN UPDATE
	LD A, 40	432A	LD A, (LP)	43AD			5,10,32,(RZ+RZ-
	LD (RS),A	4320	CP 41	43AF	JP Z,SCRNUP		95),0,0,6:
	RST 10	432F	JP NC, POWER2	43B2	DEC A		4,10,224,(LZ+LZ-
	DB 165, 2, 29, 40, 29, 157			43B3	LD (RP),A		95),0,0,12
	DB 165, 2, 32, 40, 32, 157		LD A, (L6)	43B6 SCRNUP:		•	en de la companya de
	DB 132,27,65,3,0	4336	ADD A,B	43B7	RET		
	LD A, (RG)	4337	CP 41				•
	CP 4	4339	JP C, POWER2				en e
	JP C, POWER	433C	LD (LP),A				enter de la companya
	LD A, (RF) CP 1	433F	LD A,O				
	JP NZ, POWER	4341	LD (LG),A				
	w: state care	4344 POWER2:	LU A; (K5)				

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HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE FRICE LIST

December 1987

MOC

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Below is the list of available software for the MTX series, titles held in stock will be dispatched by return, all other titles ordered immediately and sent by return when received. All MOC titles always in stock and sent by return. Please make cheques payable to Memotech Owners Club.

	Price 7.70 6.60 7.70 7.70 8.80 7.70 6.60 7.70 10.00 4.40 7.70 8.80 7.70 6.60 7.70 8.80 7.70 8.80 7.70 8.30	GRAPHICS HELI-MATHS HIGHWAY ENCOUNTER HUNCHY ICEBURG JUMPING JACK FLASH KARATE KING KILOPEDE KNUCKLES LITTLE DEVILS MISSILE COMMAND & ARCADE MATHS 1 MAXIMA MEMOCHEQUE MEMOSKETCH MEMOSKETCH SDX MISSION ALPHATRON MISSION OMEGA NEMO OBLITERATION ZONE	6.60 10.00 7.70 7.70 8.80 10.00 6.60 6.60 7.70 7.70 7.70 6.60	Title RUTHLESS B. SALES LEDGER SALTY SAM SEPULCRI SCELERATI SMG SNAPPO T.SNOOKER SON OF PETE SUPA CODER SUPER BIKE SUPER MINEFIELD SURFACE SCANNER TAPEWORM TARGET ZONE THE WALL TOADO TURBO USER BASIC USER BASIC UTILITIES SDX WORD & PICTURE	Price 4.00 17.50 6.60 7.70 7.70 8.80 7.70 8.80 7.70 7.70 7.7
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We can offer DMX 80 printer ribbons for only £7.00 each, so why not order one today and be prepared for the day your ribbon finally 'bites the dust'!!!

The MTX FIG-FORTH requires an MTX512 or expanded 500, the dictionary associated with Forth is held as part of the Ram-Disc which can be saved separately, fairly quickly. The Ram-Disc allows for 24 'edit' screens to be created and in memory simultaneously. A tutorial will be necessary for the beginner, for this the club has obtained a quantity of the publication Fundamental Forth (This may

vary according to availability).

Fig-Forth Program £6.00 Tech Data Sheets £2.00

Tutorial Book £9.50 (240 pages)

Ready for the new year the club has purchased a limited quantity of 1988 Diaries. At only £1.75 each(P&P 25p) they are an ideal Christmas present. Send off soon for them as they will be sent out on a first come first served basis.

WIMPS for WIMPS by Geoffrey Gardiner

After three years on the market, the Memotech ought no longer to be the ultimate in computers, so what is the position? Should we quality buffs who chose the Memotech be moving on? I have had an opportunity to examine one of the new 32 bit machines and my discoveries may surprise.

The machine I was able to experiment with is the Atari 520 STFM, coupled with the famous "Flight Simulator II" program and "First Word Plus", a sophisticated wordprocessing program. The Atari uses the Motorola 68000 chip running at 8 Megahertz, twice the speed of our Z80A. It has a 512K memory as standard, and a single sided 320K 3.5inch disc drive. All this is about £300.

Let us dispose of sound first as it is virtually the same as ours, although it uses a different sound chip. Judging by the demonstration program it is not quite as good as the Memotech, but that may be a programming fault.

The graphics resolution in sixteen colours is 320 across the screen compared with our 256. Down it is 200 instead of 192. This is not a very significant improvement in definition but any pixel can be coloured; one does not appear to be limited to two colours per row of eight pixels. The medium resolution is 620 * 200, the same as the FDX, but in four colours only, not six. However, it appears to be bit-mapped so it should give much better graphics than the FDX. There is a 640 % 400 high resolution monochrome mode that requires a special monitor, and produces a not very crisp black on white background. There is no question of the ST running two or four monitors at once as does the MTX-FDX combination. The computer senses what monitor is attached and will not accept an instruction to use the wrong mode. composite and RGB are available from the same socket which is proprietary type so that one cannot manufacture one's own cable. The definition in medium resolution did not seem to me quite as comfortable to view as from the FDX. I was using the RGB output fed into a Beovision Television through a Euroscart connector.

There is only one parallel output, not two like the MTX, and it may not be both input and output. Certainly there are fewer connections than on the MTX so it must be intended for use with a printer only. Just to make sure that you have to buy proprietary cables the parallel output is a 25 D type socket, not 34 way Centronics, and the one serial output has a male not female socket. The serial port configuration is DTE like our port B but again to confuse you Data Carrier Detect is connected not to the conventional pin 8 but to pin 22. I tried to get the Atari and the Memotech to communicate, I was able to transfer

data from one to the other but with different connections. In the time available I was not able to find a wiring connection that worked in both directions.

The Atari is equipped with GEM and the manual gives no

information about any other operating system than WIMP. There is no information about the operating system (TOS, for Tramiel Operating System) such as we CP/M users are used to, but for £16 or so you can buy a book, and there are other books for other essential programming information. There is no 'PANEL', by the way. WIMP stands, I believe, for "Windows, Icons, Mouse, and Pull-down menus". Personally I think it stands for the sort of people who need such a system. It is marvellous for those who cannot, or will not learn to type, which presumably includes most office managers who purchase computer equipment. For anyone who can use their fingers to type the system is slow. To operate a mouse you have to take a hand off of the keyboard, which is in itself undesirable, and the movement required to move the arrow around the screen is quite considerable even though it is adjustable. I think that an experienced computer operator would want to be able to switch the system off, as one can I believe, on Pc clones such as the Amstrad. The WIMP system necessitates that programs be menu driven and this too can be a nuisance to a skilled operator. I found that working one's way through a "tree" of menus is a slow business. What it comes to is that "user-friendly" is often = "slow". If therefore you are a computer amateur and a two finger typist by all means be a WIMP-user, or use menu driven programs.

One of the "freebies" given away with the Atari is a 780 emulator. This enables one to use CP/M and Z80 programs. The effect is of a Z80 running at 2 Megahertz, half the FDX's speed. CP/M programs like PIP are not supplied, even though CP/M 2.2 now only costs \$14.95 in the States, but there is a suite of utility programs to support the emulator. The emulator is of German origin and with typical German efficiency it has removed some bugs from CP/M. In particular CTRL C is not required when one changes disc. After the WIMP system it was a relief to see again the CP/M prompt winking at me and I wished I could PIP. my CP/M programs to the Atari disc. I did write a Basic program to transfer PIP.COM to the Atari but I then found that the utility program that is provided to enable one to convert programs on TOS formatted disc's to CP/M format requires two drives, and I had only one. Writing a Basic program on the Atari was not easy despite four windows. I never completely mastered editing, and the owner of the machine, previously used to BBC basic, is not impressed with Atari Basic. There are, by the way, no sprites.

There is facility to build in a silicon disc. To overcome this severe disadvantage one would need to buy a Mega-ST with a 4 megabyte memory and a program to configure part of the memory as a RAM-DISC. Large main memories may be attractive, but in practice, the FDX's ability to address up to four eight megabyte silicon disc's is a terrific advantage, and I cannot understand why it has not been copied, it is such a superior concept. In theory the Atari ST could have a 16 megabyte main memory, whereas the Memotech can have (using a variation of CP/M available from the German, Bernd Preuss) 782 kilobytes of main memory plus 32 megabytes of RAM-DISC.

I may be failing to understand the situation completely but it seems to me that a lot of the 32 bit chip's ability. to handle data in large chunks is wasted. It may be able to manipulate 32 bits,, but the data bus is only 16 bit so the 32 bit byte, or "longword" to give it its correct name, has to be carved in two 16 bit words for tranmission along the data bus, and as disc memory is still in eight bits the "word" has to be carved in two "bytes" again for disc storage. Much of the potential speed gain must surely be lost. Of course, it would be expensive to have the memory in 32 bit bytes, and very wasteful, as most of the bits would be empty. Wordprocessing needs only 8 bits so as a wordprocessor an FDX with a silicon disc has only one failing: it does not have the ability to control every pixel of a high definition screen, so it cannot display what a sophisticated dot matrix printer can print, such as Italics, condensed, expanded, or proportionally spaced characters. It cannot therefore be used for desk-toppublishing.

The wordprocessing program, First Word Plus, seems to copy all the NewWord good features, but having to use a mouse is just a fiddling nuisance. Its superior features are the inclusion of a spelling checker, a word count, and drivers for modern printers; the last is an attraction, though it does not support all the typefaces available on a modern dot-matrix printer.

But what of "Flight Simulator II"? The ST I was using belongs to an ex-RAF navigator who still instructs in the ATC unit he has known for nearly 50 years. He was over the moon, indeed the stars, with it, and for him the ST was necessary. But he has acquired a monochrome monitor as the better definition is needed. Probably the program needs the Amiga for use in colour. Certainly my guide on hardware matters from whom I had the MTX-FDX, Ramesh, of Mighty Micro, Manchester, advocates the Amiga. Even if it were possible I would not like to use "Flight Simulator II" on the MTX as the definition is not good enough, but it could in theory, I suspect, run adequately on an FDX with a revised 80 column board, and with a silicon disc, could in some ways run better. But unfortunately even if the hardware were available the software is unlikely to be

written. Is it worthwhile for the rest of us to buy a computer for one spectacularly successful program? If you truly want to experience flying while sitting at your desk the answer maybe "yes", and I suspect you might never need any other program. But for those of us who use a computer for serious purposes all our Memotechs need is an Epson LO driver, an improved Newword that could handle in a simple way the capabilities of modern printers to produce such things as italics, and an improved screen driver, that could show things on screen. One would certainly miss the Memotech's flexibility and wide input-output facilities. MTX buffs would also miss those lovely utility programs on our system disc.

***** Geoffrey Gardiner *****
REVIEWS...REVIEWS...REVIEWS...REVIEWS...
TITLE:- FLUMMOX
MACHINE:- MTX 512
PUBLISHER:- ORION SOFTWARE
PRICE:- £7.70
Reviewed By Andrew Owen

FLUMMOX is an arcade game based on a very simple idea — fairly well implemented.

The idea is to 'blast' your way through over 40 levels. Each level has the same basis (ie 7 lanes with a gap down the middle in which you can manuover), but provides a new 'alien' to 'battle' with. To shoot aliens you must be in the same lane as them and also facing them as your armament consists of 1 forward facing gun.

The first 3 levels of the game just introduce you to the game gently. It is at the 4th that battle really commences; this is when the tanks appear, these pose a problem as the shots just 'bounce' off of the front of them, to solve this problem you must first allow them to go past and then blast them in the back (this may sound cowardly, but unless you do they roll straight over you). On about the 7th level you get a chance at an extra life:—but you must be quick—: a 'mushroom' shaped alien drifts across the lower half of the screen; this must be blasted to gain an extra life.

One amazing thing is the screen at the end of each level, on which an inane comment appears (always beginning 'My view of your abilities is :-') the punchline depends on which level you have reached (level 1's punchline is 'Stick to Pacman'). While this is happening a repetitive tune plays in the background.

The documentation for FLUMMOX was virtually non-existant and so it proved difficult to get into. The graphics, although smooth and colourful, were fairly basic and after a while repetitive.

On the whole I wouldn't recommend FLUMMOX to anyone, unless they are looking for a way to shut up the kids for an evening (and they can get it cheap), I wouldn't spend £7.70 on it.

Graphics 7 Sound 7 Instructions 4 Addictive Qualitites 5 VFM 4 Overall 6

YOUR LETTERS

Help lines

1. Would it be possible for someone to send me a simple program to type into Ed/Asm as I have tried and tried (unsuccessfully) to get a program accepted by this without any error messages.

Please send direct to: Allan Ayre 24 Skirbeck Road, Gillshill Road, Hull, HU8 OHR.

2.Please could you inform me where I could get a 5.25" disc drive repaired (the drive constantly gives the message 'disc error'), I have tried MCL who said they could only sell me a new one.

Leslie Gornall, Binchester, Bishop Auckland.

Ed->It should not be too much of a problem to find a local electronics repair shop, perhaps if you try the Yellow Pages you will find one. They are usually only too pleased to repair your kit, especially if it is a fairly standard disc drive.

3.Could you suggest some games on tape that include a save routine which will run on a MTX 512 with SDX disc drive. I have tried two 'Level 9' adventures which were found to be faulty when returned to the supplier. They would not run properly with the disc drive connected to the computer. The introduction screen would appear, followed by machine code. A similar fault was found when the disc drive was disconnected.

I would be interested in any ideas that you have, as I do not want to risk buying another game which may have the same fault.

Mr T. Eudali Oakham Leicestershire.

Ed->I think that you have been the victim of a 'duff' batch of software. Normally, most games load without too much trouble, especially on a stand-alone MTX 512. Level 9 have been the most prolific writers of Adventure games for the MTX range over the years, and there is little else around to match them.

4.Dave Dulson is willing to transfer programs on any 5.25" and 3.5" in MTX format for any members of the club free of charge. Just send the formatted disc and the one or ones to be transferred and the return postage.

Dave Dulson 241 Fratton Road, Fratton, Portsmouth PO1 5EZ.

5.Leslie Gornall wishes to contact fellow MTX owners (preferably with disc drive) to swap programs, tips and tricks.

Leslie Gornall The Old School, Binchester, Bishop Auckland, Co. Durham DL14 8AU

6. I recently upgraded to SDX CP/M 2.2 and have been for some time now happily using this great operating system. However, I have been trying somewhat in vain to make an electronic switch which resides inside the computer which connects both video output ports to the same monitor, so allowing software control over switching VDP's. If any other readers of Memotechniques have tried to do this I would be very grateful if they would get in touch. (Address as above).

7. I would like to offer a Memotech computer repair service to club members. In order to provide reliable repairs at a reasonable cost, I have split the charges into two groups. Minor repair's (General keyboard faults etc) £7.50, and Major repairs £15.00, both prices are + P&P (£3.00). Should these charges not be sufficient to effect a repair, the customer will be contacted prior to work being carried out. I am offering a high quality, low cost repair service that will generally be 48 hr turn around (parts permitting), this has come about after several people enquired following being quoted the higher prices by M.C.L.. Should people wish to avail themselves of the service, I can be reached at the address below or by phone. (0905) 24260.

P.S. I still have several pack's of 10 function key overlays, should anyone require any they can be obtained from me for the meager sum of £1.00.

Paul Woods 12 Bishops Ave, Worcester, WORCS. WR3 8XA.

Tips And Tricks

1.Uk Home Computers are selling a small add on ROM board that will give FDX owners SDX basic. The real advantage here is that SDX basic leaves you with the full MTX 512 memory configuration, instead of only a 32K machine. The ROM costs about £13 and is required if FDX owners want to use programs like John Graysons Advanced Graphic Designer.

2. This month I have had several phone calls along the lines of:-

"I have been experiencing some problems when using FOR-NEXT loops, the MTX does not appear to do the last 4-5 times around the loop"??

Ed-> The problem is that when the program finishes, the editor which occupies the bottom 4 rows of the screen is displayed, this blanks anything which is on those lines. If

this happens fast enough it looks like they were never there in the first place, and thus a program fault. This can be cured by a line such as:-

100 GOTO 100

which will cause the program to loop at the end, so that you have time to see the last four lines. Pressing the BREAK key will stop the program.

Chit Chat

1. I note from the magazine that other people have suffered from the purchase of a 500 dressed up as a 512. I visited Ron Gladwin as I could not get some tapes to load and found that I had been sold a 500 as a 512. I purchased an extra memory board from Ron to make up to a 512. Ron was not pleased about this con but he will of course help and convert for anyone, he charges £19.95. Being very new to computing I found him very helpful.
Malcolm Taylor, Burford, Oxford.

2.I think Ron Gladwin of Uk Home Computers deserves a special mention. Having ordered my MTX512 just before his summer holiday, I had not received it after about two weeks, when I unexpectedly found myself in Swindon for the day. I went to the address expecting to find a shop with unhelpful assistants behind the counter. In fact, I found his home, I was made to feel at home, given a cup of tea while Ron was fetched, had my order sorted out, and even given a lift back to the station. The whole family joined in with the same helpful spirit. I was most impressed, and was also able to return to Cardiff with the new computer under my arm. If only all computer shops were like this!!.

Mike Kohnstamm Lakeside, Cardiff.

Ed-> Please do not all go to Ron directly to get your equipment, without first arranging it with Ron.

 A bug has be found in Money Manager from the Program Library, an amendment should be made as follows:-

5420 IF M>12 THEN LET M=M-12; LET Y=Y+1

Should be changed to:-

5420 IF M>12.5 THEN LET M=M-12:LET Y=Y+1

An article published in Vol 2 Issue 4 explains some of the problems that can be encountered when using numbers and the MTX basic.

Mike Pike Great Baddow, Chelmsford.

Club Contacts
1.GATEWAY COMPUTER CLUB

Phil Herberer, 164d Radciiffe Road, Lakenheath, Suffolk. We are a multi-User group and have 150+ members. The club has been active for almost 5 years and we meet on the 3rd Sunday of each month at the Bob Hope Recreation Centre, at RAF Mildenhall between 14:00 and 16:00Hrs. Some of the larger individual groups ie MAC, Apple, MS-DOS etc also have a separate extra meeting at different times of the month. On Sunday 15th November we had a successful Families computing day and I had also arranged for APPLE UK to come and demonstrate their new MAC II with Laserwriter and DTP software. We gained another 18 new members at that meeting. On Sunday the 17th of January Acorn UK will be coming to demonstrate the "Doomesday Machine" and the Archimedes".

Yours Martin Randell

ASSEMBLEY LANGUAGE COURSE

NORMAL R.R.P.

SPECIAL CLUS

CNLY EF. OO

A GAP FILLER FROM A PREVIOUS MAGAZINE

Richard Dennis has sent us a useful Assembler routine, a Software keyboard debounce.

;Keyboard Debounce Routine by Richard Dennis.

LD HL, £8000; CHANGE THIS TO RELOCATE ELSEWHERE PUSH HL

PUSH HL

LD HL, £FD51; TRANSFER USERIO TO PROGRAM

LD DE,JKBD

LD BC,3

LDIR

LO HL, BEGIN; RELOCATE FROM BEGIN TO HIGH MEMORY

POP DE

LD BC,£80

LDIR

POP HL; CHANGE USERIO TO REL'ED MEM. FOR K'BOARD

LD (£FD52),HL

BEGIN: PUSH AF; DEBOUNCE ROUTINE STARTS HEAR

PUSH BC

LD B, 10; SET IDLE1 LOOP

IDLE1: PUSH BC

LD B, &FF; SET IDLE2 LOOP

IDLE2: DJNZ IDLE2

POP BC

DJNZ IDLE1

POP BC

POP AF

JKBD: DS 3;OLD USERIO JUMP TO RET TO KBD SCAN ROUTINE RET

	1 REM szezeszeszeszeszeszeszeszeszeszeszeszesz	90 FOR X=1 TO 2		
	2 REM * CAROLS BY D BROWN *	91 GOSUB 1450	160 FOR X=1 TO 6: GOSUB 1450	1462 SOUND O,N(V1),A: SOUND
	3 REM *****************	92 NEXT X	162 NEXT X	1,N(V2),B: SOUND 2,N(V3),C: SOUND
	30 DIM N(67)	93 SOUND 2,0,0	163 SOUND 1,0,0: SOUND 4,0,0:	4,N(V4),D
	31 LET N(1)=955.657421	95 FOR X=1 TO 2	SOUND 0,0,0	1465 PAUSE H: RETURN
	32 LET N(2)=N(1)/1.059	96 60SUB 1450	165 FOR X=1 TO 2: 60SUB 1450	1470 READ V1, V2, V3, V4
	33 LET N(3)=N(1)/1.122	97 NEXT X	167 NEXT X	1472 SOUND O,N(V1),A: SOUND
	34 LET N(4)=N(1)/1.189		168 SOUND 0,0,0	1,N(V2),B: SOUND 2,N(V4),D
	35 LET N(5)=N(1)/1.260	SOUND 4,0,0: SOUND 0,0,0	170 FOR X=1 TO 4: GOSUB 1450	1475 PAUSE H: RETURN
	36 LET N(6)=N(1)/1.335	100 FOR X=1 TO 2	172 NEXT X	1499 REM AWAY IN A MANGER
	37 LET N(7)=N(1)/1.414	101 GOSUB 1450	173 SOUND 1,0,0: SOUND 2,0,0:	1500 DATA 27,27,15,15,27,27,15,15
	38 LET N(8)=N(1)/1.498	102 NEXT X	SOUND 4,0,0: SOUND 0,0,0	1505 DATA 32,27,24,20,32,27,24,20,
	39 LET N(9)=N(1)/1.587	103 SOUND 1,0,0: SOUND 2,0,0	175 FOR X=1 TO 2: GOSUB 1450	32,27,24,20,32,27,24,20,34,31,
	40 (FT N(10)=N(1)/1.682	105 FOR X=1 TO 6	177 NEXT X	25, 15, 36, 31, 25, 15
	41 LET N(11)=N(1)/1.782	106 GOSUB 1450	178 SOUND 21,0,0: SOUND 4,0,0:	1510 DATA 32,32,24,20,32,32,24,20,
	42 LET N(12)=N(1)/1.883	107 NEXT X	SOUND 0,0,0	32,27,24,20,32,27,24,20,36,32,
	43 LET N(13)=N(1)*.5	108 SOUND 1,0,0: SOUND 2,0,0:	180 FOR X=1 TO 6: GOSUB 1450	27,20,37,32,27,22
	44 FOR X=1 TO 12		182 NEXT X	1515 DATA 39,32,27,24,39,32,27,24,
	45 NEXT X	110 FOR X=1 TO 4	183 SOUND 20,0,0	39,32,27,24,39,32,27,24,41,32,
	46 FOR X=13 TO 66	111 GOSUB 1450	185 FOR X=1 TO 4: 60SUB 1450	25, 25, 41, 32, 25, 25
			187 NEXT X	1520 DATA 37,34,29,22,37,34,29,22,
	48 NEXT X	113 SOUND 1,0,0: SOUND 0,0,0	188 SOUND 1,0,0: SOUND 2,0,0:	37,34,29,22,37,34,29,22,34,34,
7.	49 LET N(67)=8	115 FOR X=1 TO 2	SOUND 0,0,0	25,22,36,36,27,22
	51 LET H=200	116 GOSUB 1450	190 FOR X=1 TO 2: 60SUB 1450	1525 DATA 37,34,29,27,37,34,29,27,
	52 LET A=11: LET B=8: LET C=8: LET D=7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	192 NEXT X	37,29,27,27,37,29,27,27,39,31,
	53 PRINT : PRINT : PRINT : PRINT	118 SOUND 4,0,0	193 SOUND 4,0,0	27,15,39,31,27,15
	56 PRINT " A CHRISTMAS CAROL"	120 FOR X=1 TO 4	195 FOR X=1 TO 4: 605UB 1450	1530 DATA 36,32,20,17,36,32,20,17,
	57 PRINT : PRINT : PRINT : PRINT	121 GOSUB 1450	197 NEXT X	ac. an an 17 ac ao an 17 ao ao
	56 PRINT " arranged for Memotech"		198 SOUND 1,0,0: SOUND 4,0,0:	24,15,36,29,24,15
			SOUND 0,0,0	1535 DATA 34,29,17,14,34,29,17,14,
	60 CLS	SDUND 0,0,0		29, 29, 22, 14, 29, 29, 22, 14, 32, 26,
	61 PAPER 3: INK 13		202 NEXT X	22,10,32,25,22,10
	62 PRINT : PRINT : PRINT : PRINT	A. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	203 SOUND 2,0,0: SOUND 0,0,0	1540 DATA 31,27,22,15,31,27,22,17,
	63 PRINT " AWAY IN A MANGER"			0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
	65 FOR X=1 TO 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		207 NEXT X	31, 27, 22, 13, 31, 27, 22, 13, 27, 23, 22, 13, 27, 23, 22, 10
	66 60SUB 1450	130 FOR X=1 TO 2	208 SOUND 2,0,0	1545 DATA 32,24,24,20,32,24,24,20,
	67 NEXT X	131 GOSUB 1450	210 FOR X=1 TO 2: 60SUB 1450	32,27,24,20,32,27,24,20,34,31,
		INA HERT V	210 FUR A-1 TO 2; DUDUD 1430	25, 15, 36, 31, 25, 15
	70 FOR X=1 TO 2	132 NEXT X 133 SOUND 2,0,0	212 MEXT X 213 SOUND 2,0,0	1550 DATA 32,32,24,17,32,32,24,17,
	71 60SUB 1450	135 FOR X=1 TO 2: 60SUB 1450	215 FOR X=1 TO 2: GOSUB 1450	32,29,24,17,32,29,24,17,36,32,
	72 NEXT X	137 NEXT X		20,17,37,32,22,17
	73 SOUND 1,0,0: SOUND 2,0,0:		217 NEXT X 218 SOUND 4,0,0	1555 DATA 39,30,24,15,39,30,24,15,
	SOUND 4,0,0: SOUND 0,0,0		220 FOR X=1 TO 2: GOSUB 1450	39,30,24,15,39,30,24,15,41,30,
	75 FOR X=1 TO 2	142 NEXT X	220 FUR A-1 IU Z: DUQUD 14JV	24,20,41,30,24,20
		143 SOUND 4,0,0	222 MEXT X 223 SOUND 2,0,0	1560 DATA 37,29,25,13,37,29,25,13,
	70 00300 143V 77 NEXT X	145 COD V-1 TO 9. COCHD 1450	225 FOR X=1 TO 4: 60SUB 1450	37,29,25,13,37,29,25,13,34,29,
	78 SOUND 1,0,0; SOUND 2,0,0;	147 NEVY V	2/3 FUK A=1 10 4: 6050B 143V	0/1/21/2011010/1/21/201101071231 00 05 06 06 07 04
		148 SOUND 4,0,0	227 NEXT X 228 SOUND 1,0,0: SOUND 2,0,0:	1/11/101/11/1/14 1505 NATA 97 70 75,77 97 76 75 77
	SOUND 4,0,0: SOUND 0,0,0		ZZO SUUNV 17V7VI SUUNV Z7V7VI	37,29,22,22,37,29,22,22,39,31,
*1	80 FOR X=1 TO 4	150 MEAL A. 10 4: 00000 140A	SOUND 4,0,0: SOUND 0,0,0	
	81 GOSUB 1450	152 NEXT X 153 SOUND 4,0,0	1000 subroutine	22,15,39,31,22,15
				1570 DATA 36,32,20,17,36,32,20,17,
	83 SOUND 1,0,0: SDUND 4,0,0: SOUND 0,0,0			36,29,20,17,36,29,20,17,32,29,
			2,N(V2),B: SOUND 4,N(V3),C: SOUND	24,17,36,29,20,17
	85 FOR X=1 TO 2	155 FOR X=1 TO 4: GOSUB 1450	0,N(V4),D	1575 DATA 34,29,22,13,34,29,22,13,
		157 NEXT X	1455 PAUSE H 1456 RETURN	29,29,25,10,29,29,25,10,31,27,
	87 NEXT X			25, 15, 31, 27, 25, 15
	88 SOUND 0,0,0	SUUND 4,0,0: SUUND 0,0,0	1460 READ V1, V2, V3, V4	
		1.5		32,27,24,8,32,27,24,8

32,27,24,8,32,27,24,8

PROGRAM LIBRARY

Hello again! We have had a few problems with software going missing from the library in the changeover from Phil to myself and I have to admit that the list that was published last month had a few emissions and errors. However, all of you that ordered anything got the right programs.

I have spent quite a while re-doing the complete catalogue of software (which is correct!) and the abbreviated version. If you're writing to Phil or myself for any reason why not ask for a new list (free of charge!!!!).

This month for the festive period the Program Library is running a special offer (shock gasp!).

Special Offer 1

Instead of the normal 2 programs on cassette, purchase 4 programs for 2 pounds - saving yourself 40p and get a mystery program free! (Saving yourself 1 pound in total)

Special Offer 2

Buy two program library discs for 4 pounds saving yourself a pound! If you want the discs as well, then the special offer price is 6 pounds.

A new addition to the library this month is a compilation disc of programs that have been listed in the magazine. It's really a sort of mixed bag of proggies and it's 1 pound (no special offer). Don't forget to add pound if you want a disc.

CYPHER FPLOT ASCII PLOTS POLAR PALETTE CLOCK COLOURS SQUARES PROGRAM1 PROGRAM3 BUBSORT LABEL COLOUR PDUMP GAME.M/C

Software on the CP/M front has also been added - most of which have been written by me on Turbo Pascal but are available as .COM files. The programs are:
BASE.COM TRIANGIF.COM GLODY COM

BASE.COM TRIANGLE.COM GLORY.COM GRAPHSIN.COM DCTRNY.COM MATRIX.COM

All the .COM files will also have their associated .PAS files for you to examine either through Turbo or through NewWord. The disc is the normal price of $\pounds 2.50$ and yes, the special offer does apply!

Also added are "Labels" and "Ski Version 2". The latter is the updated version by Mike Pike of the program published in an earlier issue of the mag and is very good fun. The former, by John Wilson allows the user to print labels on an Epson compatible printer. Finally, Deci_Clock is now available on cassette only. It is Arthur Hills shot at the competition we had a couple of months ago. To say it is fabulous is a drastic understatement. Totally written in Assembler, it is well over 28K and keeps the time in Decimal format 24Hrs a day (while the computer is on of course!) and prints up interesting "ditties" on the screen to keep you amused as the hours roll by. Brilliant stuff!

Well that's all from me, have a super Christmas and New Year - and don't eat too much turkey!

Alan Hamilton (Tel 05055 2491)
Program Library
12 Roebank Road
Beith
Ayrshire
KA15 2DX Cheques Payable To MOC Please.

MEMOTECH OWNERS CLUB PROGRAM LIBRARY

44. Diary

45. Terminal

46. Skittles 47. Card-Ind

This is the list of all the programs available on cassette and disc. The costs are: £1.20 for two programs on cassette (we supply the tape) and £2.50 on disc for 20 programs (or £3.50 if you want us to supply the disc). When ordering for discs please state clearly what memory capacity you work on (100K to 1Meg).

capa	capacity you work on (100K to 1Meg).						
Disc	i starts here.						
01.	Hex/Dec/Bin	Number conversion program.					
02.	CGEN	Sprite Generator.					
03.	3D-Draw	Rotate a cup & saucer in 3D					
04.	Whist	Card Game					
05.	Mem-Save	Saves/Loads memory from tape.					
06.	MTX-Draw	Basic drawing board					
07.	LOGO-Draw	Turtle graphics drawing board.					
08.	Simplex Tableau	Applications Program.					
09.	Breakeven	Applications Program.					
10.	Statistics	Applications Program.					
11.	Unsolved Problem	Applications Program.					
12.	Radio Routines	Learn about Radio Electronics.					
13.	Light Cycles	Arcade Game (TRON).					
14.	Hex/Dec/Bin	USER commands conversion program.					
15.	Character Ed.	Sprite Generator.					
15.	Quasimodo	THE classic arcade game.					
17.	Planner	Another Sprite Generator.					
18.	Hanoi	Classic Puzzle - good graphics.					
19.	Nob I e	Simple text game.					
20.	Hi-Lo	Higher or Lower card game.					
n:	1 -bb b						

Disc 2 starts here.

	A12r	4 bidilb Hele.	
	21.	Composer	Sound Generator.
	22.	Anova	Applications Program.
	23.	Cashflow	Applications Program.
	24.	Reversi	Stategy Board Game.
	25.	Fulltime	Football manager game.
	26.	Panel 3	Panel extensions.
	27.	Word Pro	Word Processor.
,	28.	Sw Mice	Arcade game involving mice.
	29.	TNT TIM	Very good assembler arcade game.
	30.	Sw3D-FUNC.1	First of two. Saturn.
	31.	Sw3D-FUNC.2	Second one! Sinpr?
	32.	SwSpr-Ed	And another Sprite Generator.
	33.	SwZ-Wandi	Number Base Conversion program.
	34.	OXO	Noughts & Crosses.
	35.	Solitaire	Strategy game.
	36.	Cross-Num	Excellent strategy game.
	37.	Avoid Seven	Dice game.
	38.	Numerology	Name analysis.
	39.	Chemin	Another dice game.
	40.	Dice	Another, Another dice game.

Disc 3 starts here.

41.	Reversi	2	ÁS	56	mb	į	e۲	Ų	er	. =	į	on	Q	í	2	4	٠,
~ 42.	ISOT		A	řŧ	al		у	ļ	00	-	M	az	÷	g	an	e	٠,
43.	DBase		Si	MΩ	le		dat	3	ba	15	÷	2		_			

48.	2 * H&W	Large character printing.
49.	Hangman	A classic
50.	Account	Third accounts package.
51.	Mastermind	Another good game.
52.	Connect 4	Two player game.
• 53.	Journey Into Danger	NEW adventure game.
54.	Connect 4 V2	As for 52.
55.	Patience	Card Game.
56.	Life	Odd Puzzle.
57.	Enigma	Like Mastermind.
58.	FKEY	Function key definer.
59.	Skydiver	Graphical game.

Diary & Addresses Program.

Comm's via RS232 & modem.

RockFall or Repton type game.

Keeps league tables.

Prodcues card indexes.

Disc 4 starts here.

■ 60. Digger

61.	MPG	Calculates fuel consumption.
62.	Spool er	Dumps Panel & VS 4 to printer.
63.	Labels	Label printing program.
64.	Ski Version 2	Update of published SKI program.

Cassette ONLY Software

CA01.	Renum	Renumbers BASIC programs.
CA02.	Merge	Merges BASIC programs.
CA03.	Money Manager	Home Accounts package.
CA04.	FKEY	Defines Function Keys.
CA05.	DBase III	Advanced database program.
CAO6.	Filetech	Great database program.
CA07.	Flight	Brilliant Flight Simulator.
CA08.	RamDisc	Better than sliced bread.
CA09.	TextEd	Assemnmbler Word Proc.
CA10.	Deci_Clock	Brilliant Clock program.

Disc Software

CPM1	Z80 ASSEMBLER	CPM2	EBASIC PROGRAMS
CPM3	MAIL LABEL	CPM4	TURBO PROGRAMS

Don't forget the compilation disc at £1:

List updated at 15/11/87

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